

Innovation
Defines Our Future

DV4Server:

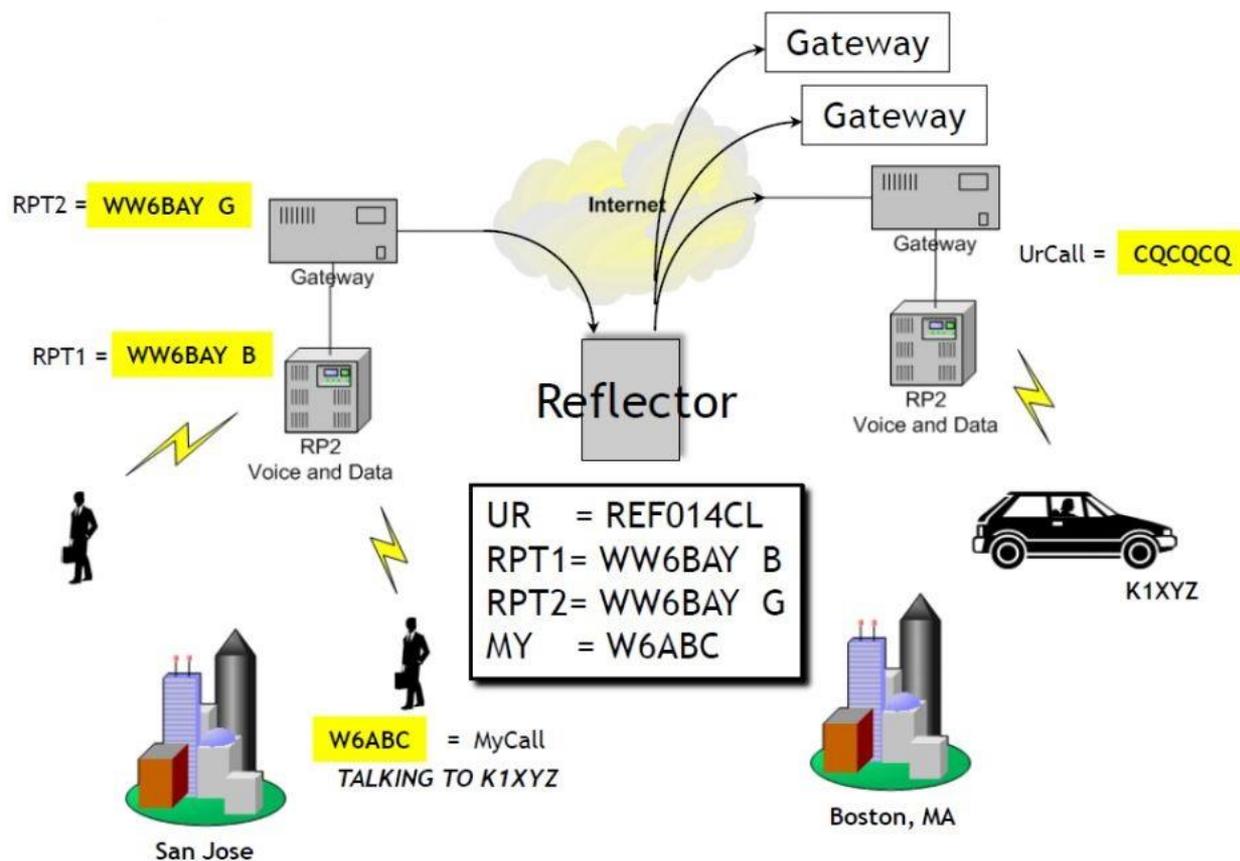
A stable, economical and scalable
interconnection of different digital voice
networks

AG0X/DG1HT
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Agenda

- ▶ 1. basic architecture of a reflector system
- ▶ 1.1 currently used reflector systems in amateur radio
- ▶ 2. interconnection of different reflector systems
- ▶ 2.1 basic setup, network initiated
- ▶ 2.2. complex setup, user initiated
- ▶ 2.3. connection at the point of access (PoA)
- ▶ 3. Proposed Solution
- ▶ 3.1 Point of Access devices
- ▶ 2.1.1 DV4mini
- ▶ 2.1.2 DV4Server – concept
- ▶ 2.1.2.1 physical structure
- ▶ 2.1.2.2 software structure
- ▶ 2.1.2.3 implementation
- ▶ 2.1.2.4 common user interface
- ▶ 3. Conclusion

1. Basic architecture of a reflector system

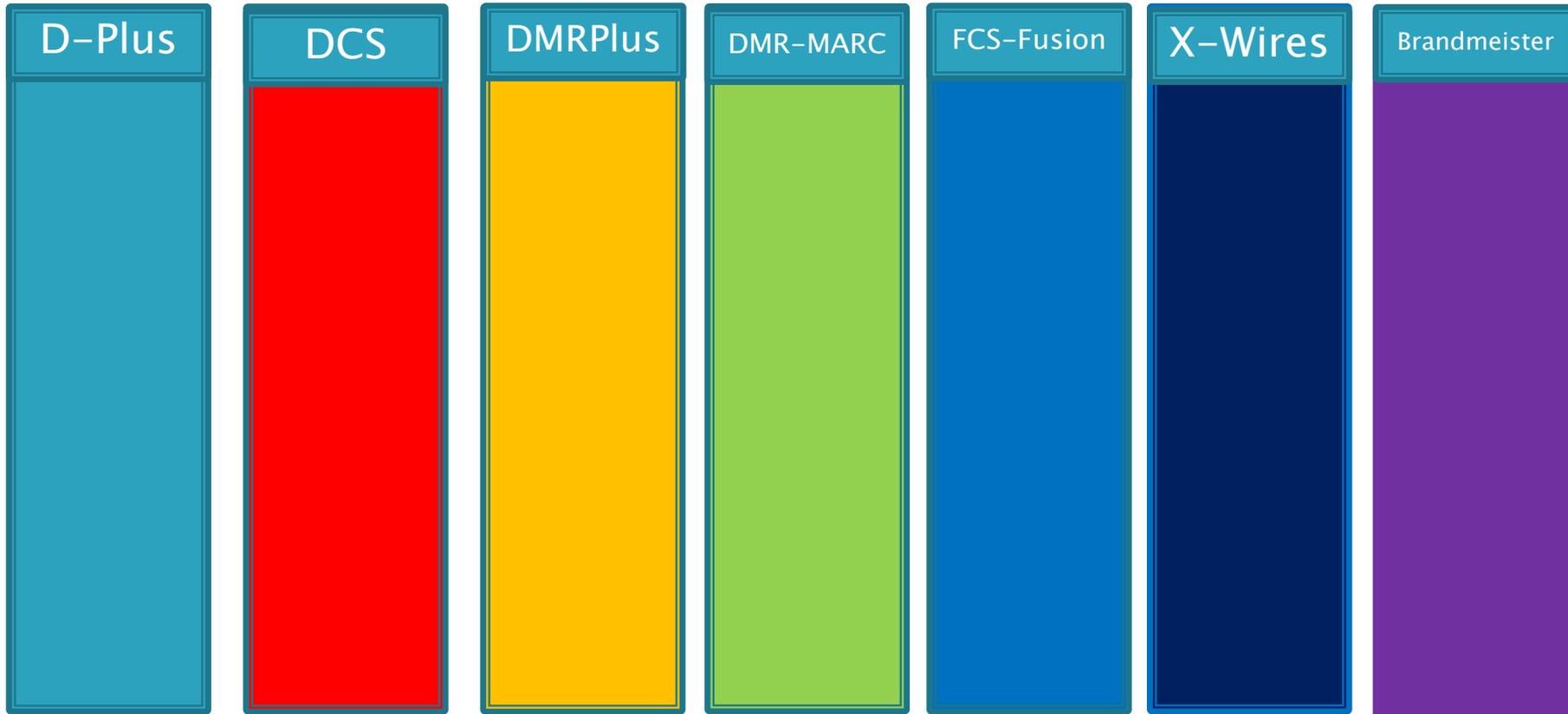


Slide courtesy George Zafiropoulos KJ6VU

1. Basic architecture of a reflector system

- ▶ What defines a reflector system? (not the air interface)
 1. Network protocol
 2. Codec(s) used
 3. Authentication
 4. Routing
 5. Features as GPS and texting
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1.1 currently used reflector systems in amateur radio



and many more: XREF, P25, NXDN, dPMR.....

1.1 currently used reflector systems in amateur radio

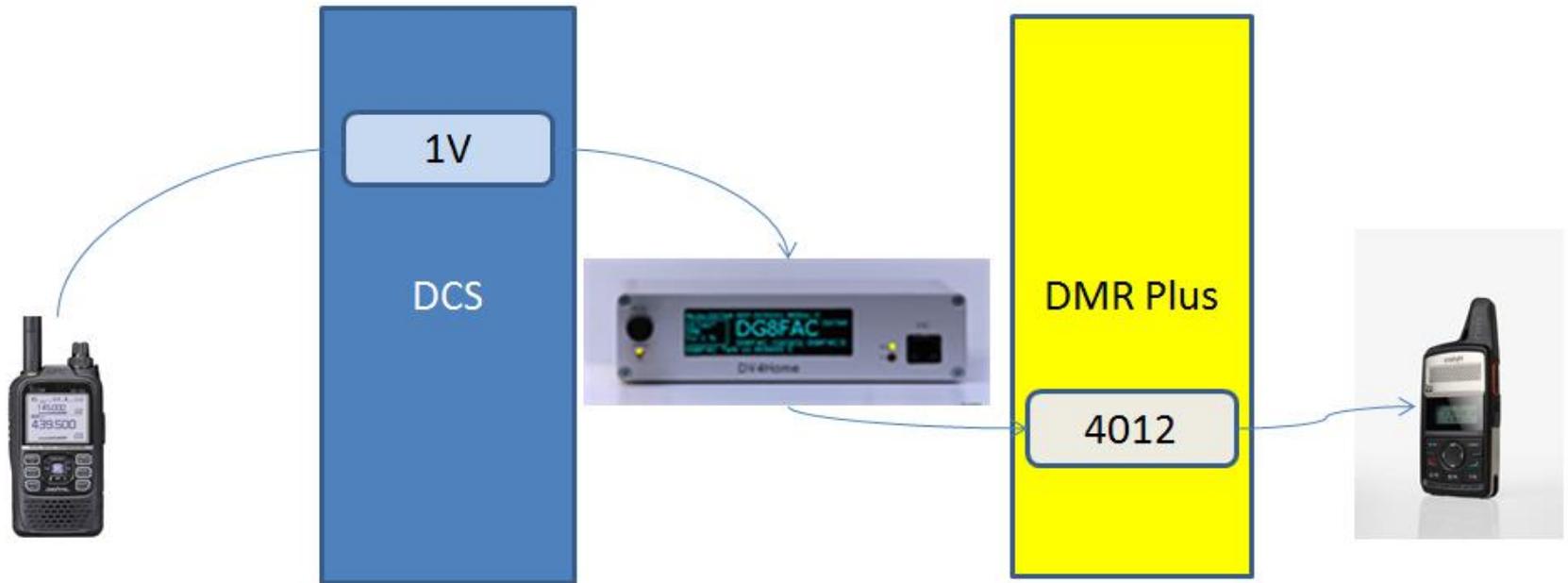
- ▶ Challenge:
 - All these reflector systems are incompatible one way or the other
 - Many of these reflector systems have different authentication
 - Many of these reflector systems have different admin groups
 - The admins may or may not talk to each other
- ▶ Users however want to have freedom to roam these reflector systems as they please
- ▶ They do not communicate their actions with the admins
- ▶ **A perfect recipe for disaster!**

2. interconnection of different reflector systems

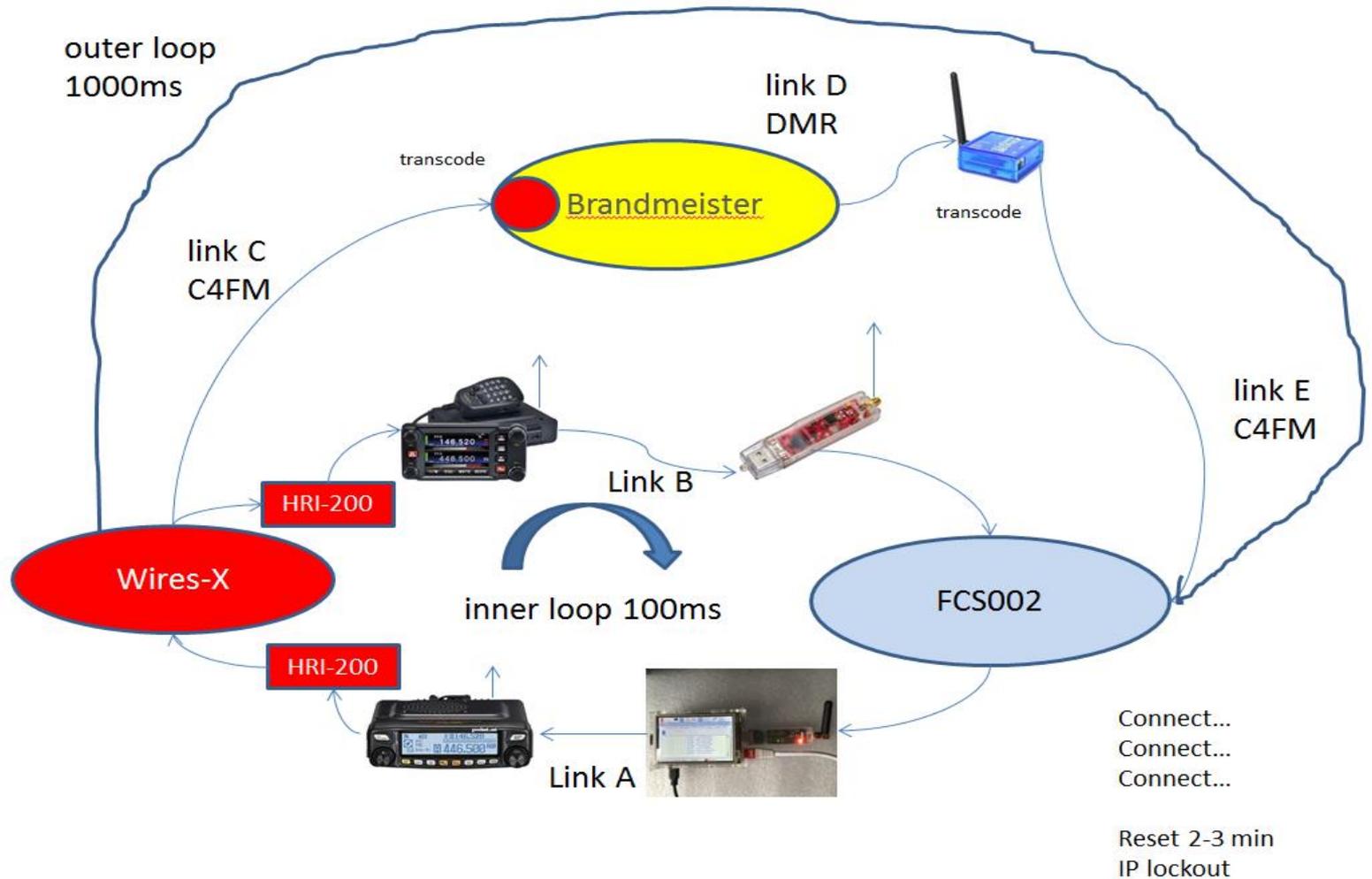
- ▶ How can we talk between reflector systems?
 - Shared rooms
 - Connected rooms between reflectors
 - Access different reflectors from an end point

2.1 basic setup, network initiated

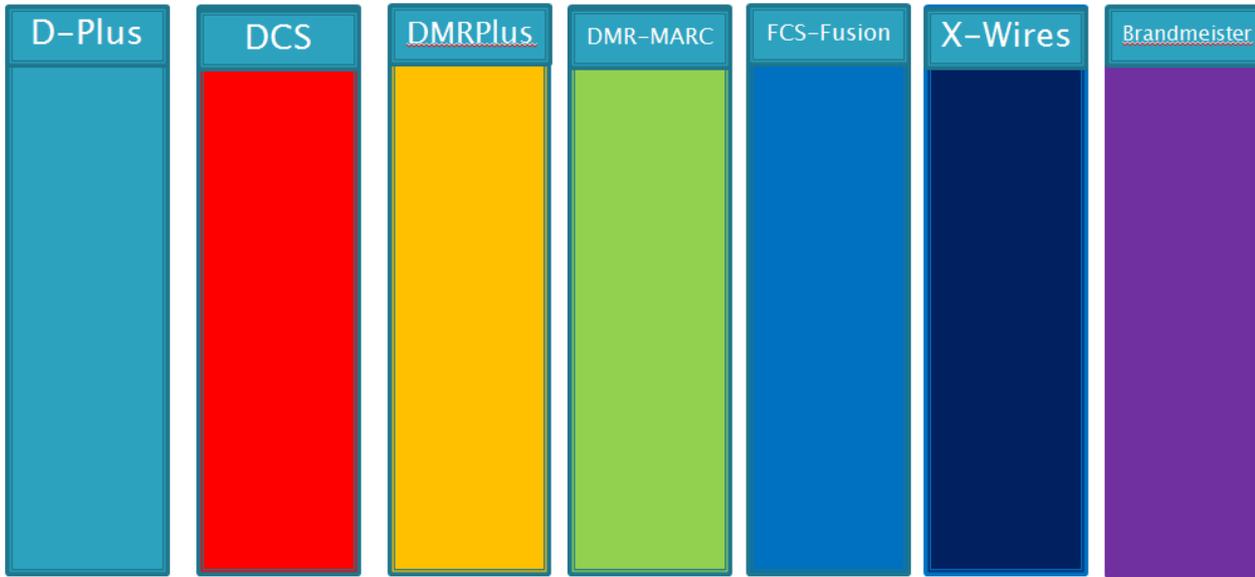
shared room



2.2. complex setup, user initiated



2.3. connection at the point of access (PoA)



3. Proposed Solution

- ▶ How can we overcome this dilemma?

3.1 Point of Access devices

- ▶ DVAP
- ▶ DV Dongle
- ▶ SharkRF
- ▶ DV4mini
- ▶ DV4home
 - Etc.



2.1.2 DV4Server - hardware

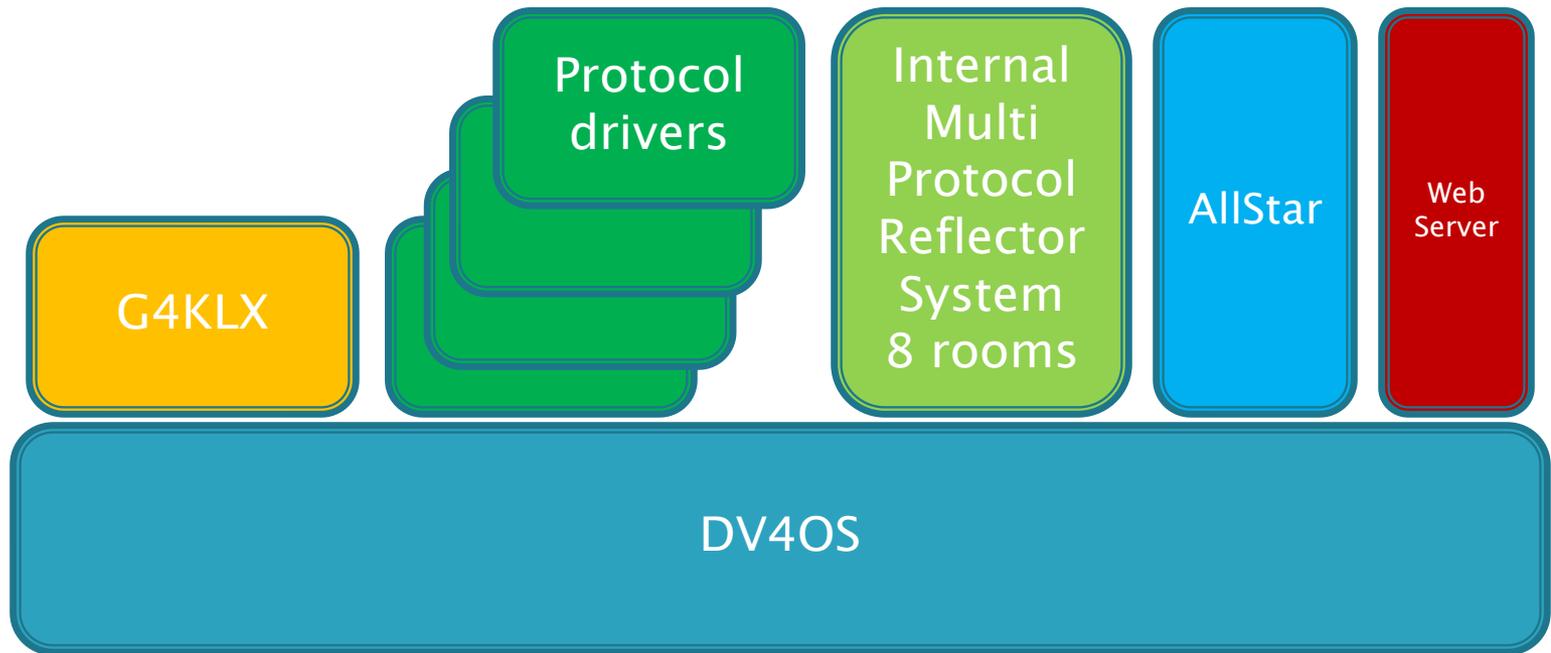


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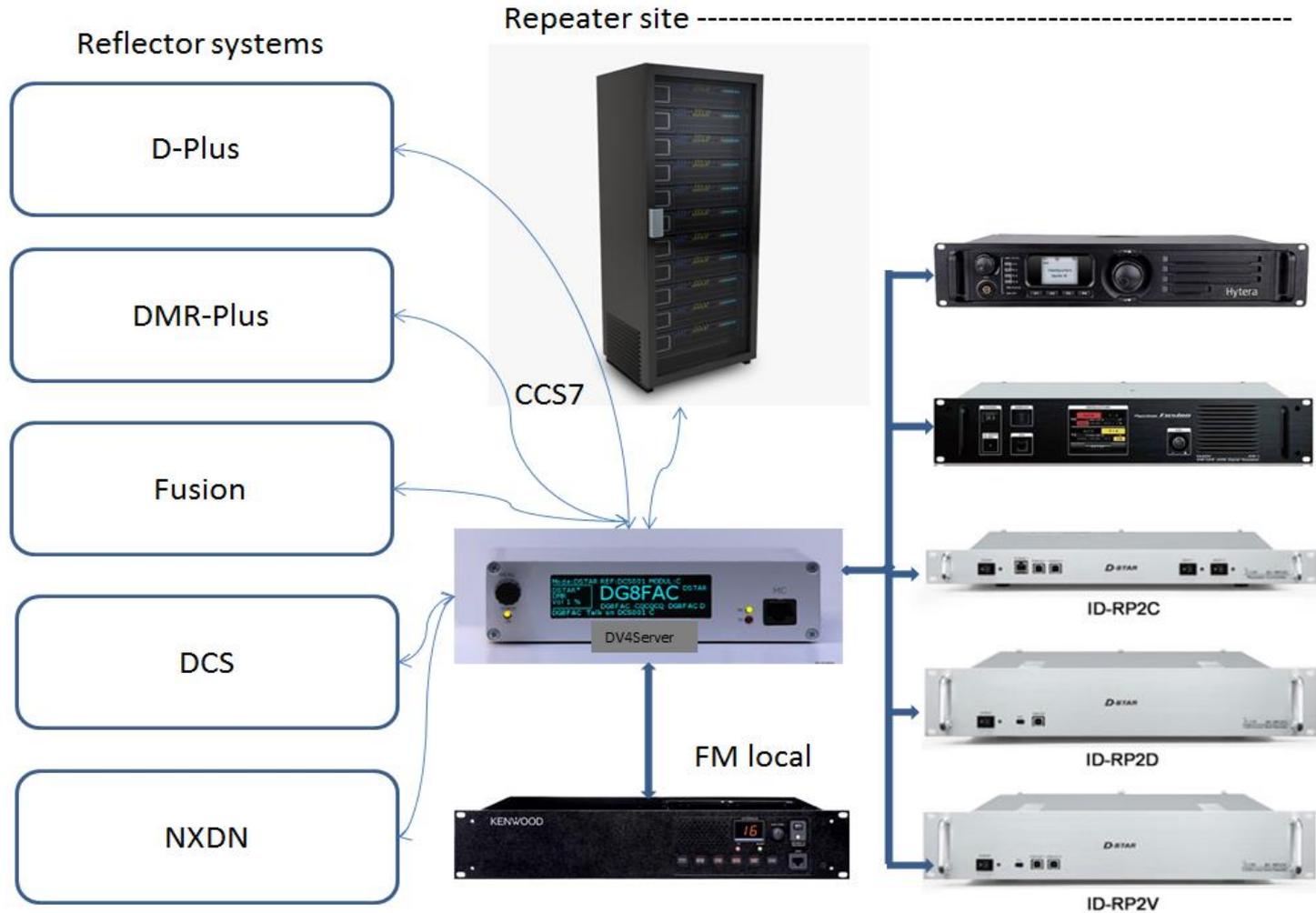
ATMEL ARM

AMBE

2.1.2 DV4Server – Software



2.1.2.3 implementation



2.1.2.4 common user interface

- ▶ On ircDDB (G4KLX):
 - ▶ *30C = REF030C
 - ▶ D1C = DCS001C
- ▶ So we would need a system for the reflector code + reflector number + reflector room
- ▶ This is not defined yet

3. conclusion

- ▶ A PoA based system allows all users to get into all rooms
 - (main request)
 - ▶ is independent from the access device type
 - ▶ saves a lot of hardware cost
 - ▶ has a common user interface for the admin
 - ▶ has a common user interface for the hams using their radios
 - ▶ does not create loops
 - ▶ New technologies can be added remotely via software
 - ▶ does not require ongoing coordination between admins
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▶ Discussion